SOLVED QUESTION OF KERALA PSC SECRETARIAT ASSISTANT/ AUDITOR EXAM 2013.

Question Booklet Code: C

http://keralapscquestions.blogspot.com
1. The Chief Minister of Uttarakhand is  
   (A) Manohar parrikar  (B) Vijay Bahuguna  
   (C) B.C.Khanduri  (D) Arjun Munda

2. Who is the President of France ?  
   (A) Nicolas Sarkozy  (B) Jacques chirac  
   (C) Francois Hollande  (D) Joachim Gauck

3. The Booker Prize winner of 2012 is  
   (A) Jeet Thayil  (B) Hilary Mantel  (C) Julian Barnes  (D) Mo Yan

4. ICC T20 World Cup winner of 2012 is  
   (A) Sri Lanka  (B) Australia  (C) India  (D) West Indies

5. Who won the women's 100 meter Gold in 2012 London Olympics :  
   (A) Shelly-Ann Fraser-Pryce  (B) Carmelita Jeter  
   (C) Christine Ohuruugo  (D) Felix Sanchez

6. The 59th National Film Award for Best Director was won by :  
   (A) Gurvinder Singh  (B) Salim Ahamed  
   (C) Suveeran  (D) Vetrimaaran

7. God’s particle is the pseudonym of  
   (A) Large Hadron Collider  (B) Quarks  
   (C) Leptons  (D) Higgs boson

8. Which rocket was launched by ISRO during its 100th mission ?  
   (A) ASLV-C21  (B) GSLV-C21  (C) PSLV-C21  (D) INSAT-C21

9. The 2012 Nobel Peace Prize was awarded to  
   (A) Liu Xiaobo  (B) European Union  
   (C) Barack Obama  (D) Intergovernmental Panel on climate change

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   [P.T.O.]
10. The Minister for Cooperation in Kerala is:
   (A) C.N. Balakrishnan  (B) K. Babu
   (C) Adoor Prakash      (D) V.K. Ebrahim Kunju

11. India is called a tropical country mainly on account of its:
   (A) Latitudinal Extent  (B) Longitudinal Extent
   (C) Areal Size          (D) Tropical Monsoon Climate

12. The marshy and forested land in northern part of Uttar Pradesh is:
   (A) Khadar        (B) Bangar  (C) Terai      (D) Siwaliks

13. Which river is called a river between the two mountains?
   (A) Narmada  (B) Ganga  (C) Godhavari  (D) Sutlej

14. Which state is called the agricultural epitome of India?
   (A) West Bengal  (B) Uttar Pradesh  (C) Tamil Nadu  (D) Madhya Pradesh

15. Which region of India has a larger female population than the male population?
   (A) West Bengal  (B) Mizoram  (C) Nagaland  (D) Puducherry

16. Who was the first propounder of the doctrine of 'Passive Resistance'?
   (A) B.G. Thilak  (B) Aurobindo Ghosh
   (C) G.K. Gokhale  (D) M.K. Gandhi

17. In which Five Year Plan University Grants Commission was set up for promoting and
    strengthening higher education:
   (A) First Five Year Plan  (B) Third Five Year Plan
   (C) Fifth Five Year Plan  (D) Eleventh Five Year Plan

18. Who is known as the father of Renaissance of Western India?
   (A) B.M. Malabari  (B) M.G. Ranade
   (C) R.G. Bhandarkar  (D) K.T. Telang
19. The Longest river in Peninsular India:
   (A) Godavari  (B) Krishna  (C) Kaveri  (D) Mahanadi

20. The largest producer of rice in India:
   (A) Kerala  (B) Andhra Pradesh
   (C) Tamil Nadu  (D) Gujarat

21. The national animal of Kerala:
   (A) Tiger  (B) Elephant  (C) Leopard  (D) Deer

22. The southern most river in Kerala:
   (A) Kallada  (B) Karamanayar  (C) Ithikkara  (D) Neyyar

23. The largest National Park in Kerala:
   (A) Eravikulam  (B) Silent Valley
   (C) Pambadum chola  (D) Mathikettan chola

24. The First dam in Kerala:
   (A) Malampuzha  (B) Mullaperiyar  (C) Sabarigiri  (D) Peechi

25. The most populated district in Kerala as per 2001 census:
   (A) Thiruvananthapuram  (B) Ernakulam
   (C) Malappuram  (D) Thrissur

26. Chattampi Swamikal was born in the year:
   (A) 1851  (B) 1853  (C) 1854  (D) 1856

27. The ‘Savarna Jatha’, to support the Vaikom Satyagraha was organised by:
   (A) Mannath Padmanabhan  (B) T.K. Madhavan
   (C) K. Kelappan  (D) Dr. Palpu

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28. 'Vivekodayam' magazine was published by:
   (A) Ramakrishna Pillai  (B) Pandit Karuppan
   (C) V.T. Bhattachirippad  (D) Kumaranasan

29. 'Atma Vidhya Sangam' was founded by:
   (A) Ayyan Kali  (B) Thycaud Ayya
   (C) Vagbhathananda  (D) Sahodaran Ayyappan

30. In Travancore, The Temple Entry Proclamation was made in:
   (A) 1931  (B) 1936  (C) 1938  (D) 1940

31. The constitution describes India as a
   (A) Federal State  (B) Quasi-Federal State
   (C) Unitary State  (D) Union of States

32. The authority/body competent to determine the conditions of citizenship in India:
   (A) The President  (B) The Parliament
   (C) The Union Cabinet  (D) The Supreme Court

33. From which Constitution India borrowed the idea of Directive Principles of State Policy?
   (A) Constitution of the U.K.  (B) Constitution of the U.S.A.
   (C) Constitution of Ireland  (D) Constitution of Canada

34. Who was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India?
   (A) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar  (B) Dr. B.N. Rao
   (C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad  (D) Jawaharlal Nehru

35. Power of the judiciary to declare a law invalid on constitutional ground is called:
   (A) Judicial Activism  (B) Judicial Review
   (C) Judicial Supremacy  (D) Judicial Absolutism
36. Status of Union Public Service Commission is ________
   (A) Legal    (B) Administrative    (C) Advisory    (D) Constitutional

37. Chairman of the National Human Rights Commission is appointed by ________
   (A) The President    (B) The Prime Minister    (C) The Chief Justice of India    (D) The Speaker of Loksabha

38. Money Bill of the Union Government is first introduced in :
   (A) Rajyasabha    (B) Loksabha    (C) Either in Rajyasabha or Loksabha    (D) In the joint sitting of Rajyasabha and Loksabha

39. Which Amendment Act incorporated the Right to Education into the list of Fundamental Rights in India?
   (A) 67th Amendment Act, 1990    (B) 68th Amendment Act, 1991
   (C) 76th Amendment Act, 1994    (D) 86th Amendment Act, 2002

40. First Chairperson of the National Commission for Women:
   (A) Jayanti Patnaik    (B) Dr. V. Mohini Giri    (C) Dr. Poornima Advani    (D) Mamta Sharma

41. He stayed at home yesterday because he __________ a bad cold.
   (A) was    (B) have    (C) has    (D) had

42. Look me __________ when you are in India next year.
   (A) down    (B) up    (C) in    (D) over

43. I am extremely sorry I can’t talk to you now, I am __________
   (A) behind the time    (B) without time
   (C) pressed for time    (D) lost in time

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44. Hundred rupees ________ enough for the taxi fare.
   (A) is       (B) are       (C) has       (D) have

   In which part of the sentences (45 and 46) is the mistake.

45. He ______ delivered a best speech on the topic
    (A) has       (B) are       (C) has       (D) have

46. I received a check for one lakh rupees as advance for my book
    (A) received   (B) for one lakh rupees as advance for my book

47. What is the passive voice form of: This shop sells non-fiction books.
   (A) Nonfiction books is sold in this shop.
   (B) Nonfiction books was sold in this shop.
   (C) Nonfiction books are sold in this shop.
   (D) Nonfiction books were sold in this shop.

    (A) He asked her if your book is on Shakespeare.
    (B) He asked her if her book was on Shakespeare.
    (C) He asked her if her book were on Shakespeare.
    (D) He told her if her book is on Shakespeare.

49. Chocolate cake contains a ________ amount of calorie.
    (A) high       (B) numerous       (C) big       (D) large

50. Within a short period of time, he reached the ________ of his career.
    (A) pinnacle    (B) climax       (C) acme       (D) optimum
51. നിർമ്മാണ സാധനത്തിൽ സ്ഥാപിതമായതാണ്?
   (A) ബിജയം କ്ക് (B) ബിജയം (C) ബിജയം (D) ബിജയം

52. കർമ്മങ്ങൾ എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്?
   (A) തെന്നി എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (B) തെന്നി എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (C) തെന്നി എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (D) തെന്നി എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്

53. തോന്നുന്ന വിഴി എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്?
   (A) വിഴി (B) വിഴി (C) വിഴി (D) വിഴി

54. സാക്ഷരതയില്ല എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്?
   (A) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് (B) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് (C) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് (D) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക്

55. മുട്ടക്ക് നീക്കം എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്?
   (A) മുട്ടക്ക് (B) മുട്ടക്ക് (C) മുട്ടക്ക് (D) മുട്ടക്ക്

56. ക്രമീകരണ സാധനത്തില്ല ? 'മുട്ടക്ക് നീക്കം'
   (A) മുട്ടക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (B) മുട്ടക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (C) മുട്ടക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (D) മുട്ടക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്

57. 'പോയിയുടെ പുത്താനത്തേക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് ?
   (A) പോയിയുടെ (B) പോയിയുടെ (C) പോയിയുടെ (D) പോയിയുടെ

58. സാക്ഷരതയില്ല എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്?
   (A) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക്, പോയി, വിഴി, വിഴി - കായലി (B) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (C) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് (D) സാക്ഷരതാരീക്ക് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട് എന്തുകൊണ്ടുണ്ട്.

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59.  The primary factor in determining a computer's performance is:
   (A) RAM  (B) CPU  (C) Memory  (D) Voltage

60.  The main function of the CPU is:
   (A) Arithmetic  (B) Control  (C) Memory  (D) Processing

61.  When a key is pressed on the keyboard, which standard is used for converting the keystroke into corresponding bits?
   (A) ANSI  (B) EBCDIC  (C) ASCII  (D) ISO

62.  Software, such as Explorer and Firefox, are referred to as:
   (A) Systems software  (B) Utility software  (C) Browsers  (D) Internet tools

63.  Which of the following is not an output device?
   (A) Plotter  (B) Scanner  (C) Flat Screen  (D) Touch Screen

64.  Which technology is used in compact disks?
   (A) Electrical  (B) Mechanical  (C) Electromagnetic  (D) Laser

65.  The programs which are as permanent as hardware and stored in ROM is known as:
   (A) Software  (B) Firmware  (C) Algorithm  (D) ROMware

66.  Which access method is used for obtaining a record from a cassette tape?
   (A) Sequential  (B) Direct  (C) Random  (D) None of these

67.  ASCII stands for:
   (A) American Security Code for Information Interchange  (B) American Standard Code for Information Interchange
   (C) American Scientific Code for Interchanging Information  (D) American Standard Code for Interchanging Information

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68. Which of the following identifies a specific web page and its computer on the Web?
   (A) Web site  (B) Web site address
   (C) URL  (D) Domain Name

69. An optical input device that interprets pencil marks on paper media is:
   (A) O.M.R.  (B) Punch Card Reader
   (C) Optical Scanners  (D) Magnetic Tape

70. Information Technology Act was enacted on ________.
   (A) 19 January 2001  (B) 30 June 2001
   (C) 9 June 2000  (D) 15 July 1999

71. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 24?
   (A) 15824  (B) 14824  (C) 13824  (D) 12824

72. If \( \frac{a}{4} = \frac{b}{5} = \frac{c}{7} \), then \( \frac{a + b + c}{a} = \)
   (A) 4  (B) 5  (C) 7  (D) 16

73. A student multiplied a number by \( \frac{4}{5} \) instead of \( \frac{5}{4} \). The percentage error is:
   (A) 45%  (B) 36%  (C) 60%  (D) 64%

74. The number of marble slabs of size 25 cm \( \times \) 25 cm required to pave the floor of a square room of side 10 metres is:
   (A) 1600  (B) 1000  (C) 2000  (D) 2500

75. 40% of a number is added to 120, then the result is double of the number. What is the number?
   (A) 100  (B) 240  (C) 150  (D) 75

76. A and B can do a work in 10 days, B and C can do it in 12 days, C and A can do it in 15 days. If A, B and C work together, they will complete the work in:
   (A) 15 days  (B) 8 days  (C) 10 days  (D) 12 days
77. The prices of a table and a chair are in the ratio 4 : 1. The cost of 2 tables and 8 chairs is Rs. 400, the cost of a table is:
   (A) Rs. 25   (B) Rs. 100   (C) Rs. 75   (D) Rs. 50

78. The ratio of men and women in a polling booth is 4 : 5. If there were 120 women more than that of men, the number of voters in the booth were:
   (A) 480   (B) 600   (C) 1080   (D) 1000

79. A train of length 150 meters took 8 seconds to cross a bridge of length 250 metres. Time taken by the train to cross a telephone post is:
   (A) 5 seconds   (B) 8 seconds   (C) 3 seconds   (D) 2 seconds

80. The difference between compound interest and simple interest for an amount in 2 years is Rs. 32. If the rate of interest is 8%, the amount is:
   (A) Rs. 10000   (B) Rs. 1000   (C) Rs. 5000   (D) Rs. 2500

81. Identify the next number in the series:
   2, 7, 17, 32, 52, 77, ________.
   (A) 107   (B) 91   (C) 101   (D) 92

82. Identify the missing term:
   PRT, _________ BDF, HIJ, NPR
   (A) UWY   (B) VYA   (C) VXZ   (D) AXY

83. In a certain code SUNDAY is coded as USDNYA. How could CREATION be written in that code?
   (A) NOITAERC   (B) RCTAENOI   (C) RECTAOIN   (D) RCAAITNO

84. Find out the option which has the same type of relationship as 'Chemistry and Science'?
   (A) Painting and Arts   (B) Medicine and Surgery
   (C) Geography and History   (D) Civics and Archaeology

85. Identify the odd man out:
   (A) 14   (B) 55   (C) 49   (D) 63

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86. A, B, C, D, E and F are sitting in six chairs regularly placed around a round table. It is observed that A is between D and F, C is opposite to D, D and E are not on neighboring chairs. Which one of the following must be true?

   (A) A is opposite to B  (B) D is opposite to E  
   (C) C and B are neighbors  (D) B and E are neighbors

87. Introducing a man, a woman said “His wife is the only daughter of my father”. How is that man related to woman?

   (A) Brother  (B) Husband  (C) Father-in-law  (D) Maternal Uncle

88. Facing south A start his journey and make turns towards the left and right in the sequence given below. Which sequence will finally lead A to a direction other than the south?

   (A) left, right, left, right, left, right  (B) left, right, right, left, left, right
   (C) left, left, right, left, right, left  (D) right, right, left, left, left

89. Some boys are standing in a queue. If the tenth boy from behind is 5 behind the 12th boy from the front, how many are there in the queue?

   (A) 26  (B) 17  (C) 20  (D) 27

90. A cyclist goes 40 km towards East and then turning to right he goes 40 km. Again he turn to his left and goes 20 km. After this he turns to his left and goes 40 km, then again turns right and goes 10 km. How far is he from his starting point?

   (A) 150 km  (B) 60 km  (C) 70 km  (D) 50 km

91. Which lamp has the highest energy efficiency?

   (A) Incandescent Lamp  (B) LED Lamp  
   (C) CFL  (D) Arc Lamp

92. Yellow light is a combination of primary colors.

   (A) Blue, Green  (B) Red, Blue  
   (C) Red, Green  (D) Red, Blue and Green

93. Diverging lens produces type of images.

   (A) small virtual image  (B) big real image  
   (C) small real image  (D) big virtual image
94. The process used to produce Ammonia is:
   (A) Contact process    (B) Haber process
   (C) Chlor-alkali process    (D) Creighton process

95. The non-metal which exists in liquid state at room temperature is:
   (A) Mercury    (B) Sodium    (C) Potassium    (D) Bromine

96. 2007 Nobel prize for Chemistry was awarded to:
   (A) Gerhard Ertl    (B) Dan Shechtman
   (C) Richard Fred Heck    (D) Venkatraman Ramakrishnan

97. The 5th state of matter is:
   (A) Plasma    (B) Magma
   (C) Bose-Einstein condensate    (D) Fermionic condensate

98. Speed of Blue color light in vacuum is:
   (A) $> 3 \times 10^8$ m/s    (B) $3 \times 10^8$ m/s
   (C) $< 3 \times 10^8$ m/s    (D) 300 m/s

99. Which fuel has the highest Calorific Value?
   (A) Bio-Gas    (B) Methane    (C) Petrol    (D) Hydrogen

100. In which direction does rainbow appear in the morning?
     (A) North    (B) South    (C) East    (D) West
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Answer Key
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